

ASPHALT MIX DESIGN 101
Rocky Mountain Asphalt Conference & Equipment Show
February 20, 2020

WeSTest
SPECIALISTS TO THE PAVING INDUSTRY

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MIX DESIGN DEVELOPMENT

- Specification Review
- Aggregate Analysis
- Aggregate Blend Trials
- Run Design - Mix, Mold, Bulk
- Volumetric Analysis
- Moisture Susceptibility Determination
- Performance Tests – Balanced Mix Design Alternatives

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**Mix Design
Specification Review**

- Design Type – Superpave, Marshall
- Aggregate Grading – CDOT 5, SX, ST, SMA FHWA 3/4" NMAS, 1/2" NMAS, 3/8" NMAS, FAA Gradation 1, 2 or 3 – Max. Size
- Aggregate Quality Requirements
- Binder Grade – e.g. PG 64-22, PG 58-28, PG 64-28
- Antistrip Requirements – Liquid, Lime or Performance Based Criteria
- Compactive Effort - # of Gyration, # of Blows/Side
- Mixing & Compaction Temperatures

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Mix Design Specification Review

Volumetric Requirements

- Voids in Total Mix (% Air Voids, %VTM) – Range or Target
- Voids in Mineral Aggregate (%VMA) – Minimum or Range – Based on NMAS
- Voids Filled with Asphalt (%VFA) – Range or Max.

Physical Requirements

- Dust to Asphalt Ratio – Range
- Allowable RAP % - Total % or Binder Replacement
- Allowable Natural/Native %

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Aggregate Analysis

Gradations of Individual Components -

- Generally 2 to 5 Aggregates + RAP, e.g. 3/4" Rock, 1/2" Rock, Crusher Fines, Natural Fines, Washed Sand
- Gradations used for design should be averages of tests run during aggregate crushing and screening, verified by gradation on samples used in design
- RAP extractions and gradations – averages from production verified on mix design sample

Specific Gravity & Absorption

Angularity – Fractured Faces, Uncompacted Void Content – FAA

Quality/Durability– L.A. Abrasion, Soundness, Micro-Deval, Flat & Elongated

Cleanliness/Deleterious – Plasticity, Sand Equivalent, Clay Lumps & Friable Particles

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Aggregate Blend

The screenshot displays a WestTest software interface for aggregate blend analysis. On the left, there is a table titled 'AGGREGATE BLEND' with columns for 'MATERIAL', 'GRADATION', and 'PERCENTAGE'. The table lists various aggregate materials and their corresponding gradations and percentages. To the right of the table is a graph showing 'S&P POWER GRAPHS' and 'AGGREGATE DENSITY LINE'. The graph plots sieve size (mm) on the x-axis against percentage passing on the y-axis. A red line represents the 'S&P POWER GRAPHS' and a black line represents the 'AGGREGATE DENSITY LINE'. The interface also includes a 'WeSTest' logo and various project details like 'Client', 'Job Design No.', and 'Job Name'.

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Run Design – Mix, Mold & Bulk

- Dry Material, Split to #8, -#8, Blend Each Sample to Proper Weight
- Determine Theoretical Maximum Specific Gravity (Rice Value)
- Batch Aggregate to Weight Based on Rice Value (CDOT) or Height (AASHTO)
- Run 4 Asphalt Contents – Generally 0.5% Apart with Anticipated Optimum at 2nd to 3rd Point
- Determine Bulk Specific Gravity of Each Puck

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AGGREGATE BLENDING



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SUPERPAVE GYRATORY COMPACTOR



MARSHALL HAMMER



COMPACTED SUPERPAVE DESIGN SPECIMENS



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